

# Putting The Pieces Together...

TMDL, Tributary Strategies, 2 Year Milestones and WIPs



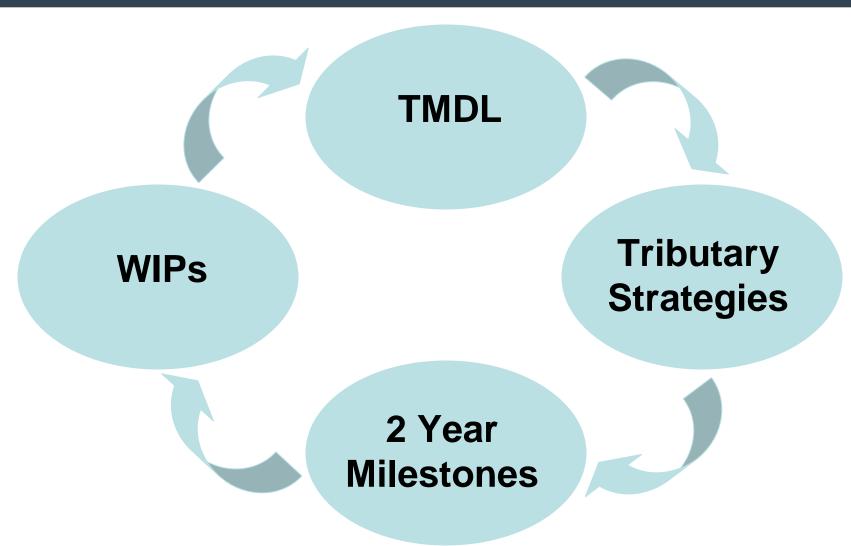
Understanding the Bay TMDL: Next Steps, Schedule and What it Means at the Local Level

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### How It All Fits Together...







#### **TMDL**

Sets the total budget for nutrient and sediment pollution through a regulatory tool of the federal Clean Water Act

### 52 TMDLs in Maryland

- Nutrient Loading Goals
- Provide Allocations
  - 1. Geographic
  - 2. Sector





# Tributary<br/>Strategies

Level of effort needed to reach the end goal

- Contains strategies to achieve, maintain, and monitor water quality goals.
- Implementation strategies for:
  - 1. point sources
  - stormwater
  - 3. septic systems
  - 4. growth management
  - 5. agriculture, and
  - 6. air deposition





### 2 Year Milestones

A subset of the Tributary Strategies based on an accelerated rate of implementation

- 27 nutrient reduction actions,
- Focused on four major sectors:
  - 1. Agricultural Practices;
  - 2. Developed Lands;
  - 3. Natural Filter restoration on Public Land; and
  - 4. Natural Filter Restoration on Private Land





#### **WIPs**

Documentation and tool for the States, with local partners, to identify to EPA on how the TMDL will be achieved - "Reasonable Assurance"

### Broken out into (2) Phases:

- o <u>Phase I</u>: Overall Statewide plan to achieve point and nonpoint source target loads and TMDL allocations.
- o <u>Phase 2</u>: Allocations at smaller geographic areas with local targets and controls





# Why Are Maryland's 2 Year Milestones Important?





## Milestones to a Clean Bay

 2-year milestones will ensure steady progress toward Maryland's overall goal by 2020...

 Milestones are adaptive to reflect latest scientific data and updated water quality models...





### Pollution Reduction Actions by End of 2011

<u>Agriculture</u>		<u>Urban/Suburban</u>	
Cover Crops Nutrient Management Plan Enforcement Soil Conservation and Water Quality Plans	460,000 acres/year 100,000 acres 257,049 acres	Stormwater Runoff Management Retrofits Required septic retrofits (inside Critical Area) Voluntary septic retrofits (non-Critical Area)	90,000 acres 1,080 systems 1,920 systems
Manure Transport Heavy Use Poultry Area Concrete Pads	10,000 tons/year <b>400 farm</b> s	Natural Filters - Private Land	
Livestock Waste Structures	145 structures	Streamside Grass Buffers	7,000 acres
Water Control Structures	200 structures	Streamside Forest Buffers	3,000 acres
Dairy Manure Incorporation Technology	2,500 acres/year	Wetland Restoration	700 acres
Stream Protection with Fencing	3,000 acres	Retire Highly Erodible Land	1,800 acres
Poultry Manure Incorporation Technology Poultry Waste Structures	2,500 acres/year 53 structures	Natural Filters - Public Land	
Stream Protection without Fencing	3,000 acres	Streamside Grass Buffers	1,000 acres
Runoff Control Systems	75 systems	Streamside Forest Buffers	2,100 acres
Wastewater		Wetland Restoration Retire Highly Erodible Land	1,000 acres 2,000 acres
Wastewater Treatment Plants ENR	39,000 fewer lbs. P 740,000 fewer lbs. N	Air	
Blue Plains BNR Upgrade	190,000 fewer lbs. N	Maryland Healthy Air Act	305,882 less N





# Maryland Sets Accelerated Nitrogen and Phosphorous Goals

Overall Nitrogen Reduction by 2020:
 15.95 M lbs = (1.25 M lbs/yr)

e.g. First two-year milestone is actually 3 years (2009-2011) = 1.25x3 = 3.75M

Overall Phosphorous Reduction by 2020:
 840,000 lbs. = (64,615 lbs/yr)





# Top 5 Practices for Nitrogen Reduction

(over 3 years)

	Practice	Ibs Reduced
1.	Cover Crops	1.37 M
2.	Waste Water	740,000
3.	CREP - Private Natural Filters	242,874
4.	Blue Plains	190,000
5.	Public Land Natural Filters	125,192





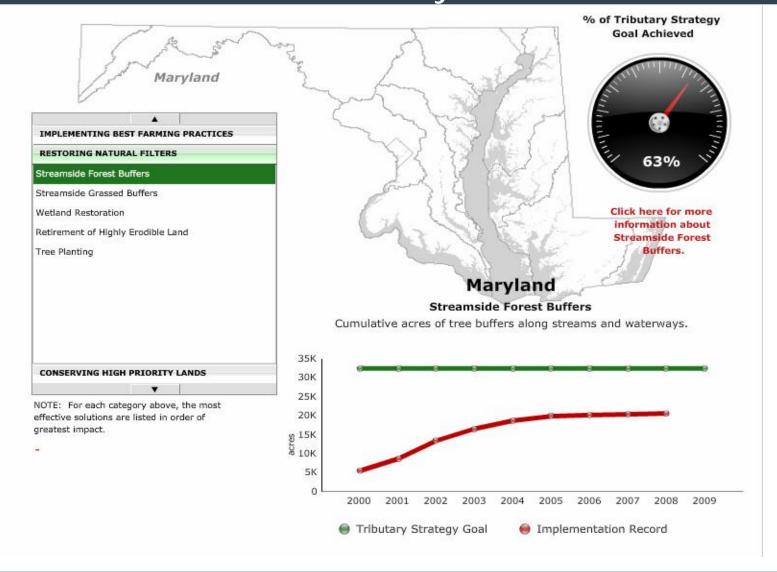
# Potential Funding

- US Farm Bill
- Chesapeake Bay Program Funding
- MD Bay Restoration Fund
- Chesapeake and Atlantic 2010 Trust Fund
- Private funding through the Chesapeake Bay Funders network
- Chesapeake Bay Program Reauthorization Bill





## Maryland's 2-year Milestones Role of BayStat...







# Maryland's 2-year Milestones <u>Contingencies</u>

#### **Additional Reduction Options**

#### **Agriculture**

Increase manure transport program activity exporting poultry litter out of the watershed.

Increase enrollment of dairy and poultry manure incorporation technology beyond 2,500 acres each, annually.

Implement precision agriculture on 100,000 acres.

Implement ammonia emissions reductions at poultry houses.

#### Urban/Suburban

Require all new and failing septic systems statewide to be replaced with best available technology.

Require 1:1 or 2:1 best available technology septic system offsets for all new septic systems statewide.

Require each acre of new development to be offset by retrofitting two acres of pre-1985 land for stormwater management.

Connect septic systems in targeted watersheds with high septic loads (e.g., Magothy, Severn and South Rivers) to WWTPs where it is cost-effective and where sprawl growth will not be encouraged.

#### **Natural Filters**

Substantially increase conversion of state-owned agricultural leases to forests or wetlands.

Increase implementation of streamside buffers on agricultural and suburban lands.

#### General

Implement Bay Bank and/or other effective nutrient and sediment cap and trade program.

Increase funding for the 2010 Trust Fund as needed.

#### **Assessments of Future Management Actions**

Revise nutrient reduction estimates for cover crops to reflect the latest scientific conclusions.

Conduct an independent review of Maryland's nutrient management planning program and consider options to improve effectiveness based on available science.

Conduct nutrient mass balance study to better target and implement BMPs.

Study the feasibility of extending the critical area protective provisions to non-tidal waters.

Evaluate the potential nutrient reduction for wastewater treatment plants using ENR from 4 mg/l limit on each plant to 3 mg/l and the potential sprawl implications of that action.

Create a State Development Plan, as required by Maryland law, to identify changes to State-level programs and policies that could significantly reduce sprawl.





# Contingency Impacts...

If the 2011 Milestone is not achieved, contingency plans will be implemented...

### **Example**

- Urban/suburban area measures:
  - o requirement for all new and replacement septic systems to be upgraded and/or requirement for offsets for new septic systems (eg. upgrade one existing system for every new system installed);
  - o requirement for offsets for new development (eg. retrofit 2 acres for every new acre developed).





# Next Milestone Development...

- Even if the 2011 Milestone is achieved, the next milestone in 2013 will require additional nutrient control measures at a finer level of detail (i.e. geographic level).
- Next Milestones will build on current plans and contingencies and will include:
  - Local government involvement;
  - County level 2 year milestones; and
  - 3. Implementation actions by geographic scale.





# What Does This Mean for Local Governments?





# What Does This Mean for Local Governments?

## We need your help!

- Milestones set the foundation for the Watershed Implementation Plans
- EPA expectation local/State cooperation on Phase II WIPs
- Next set of Milestones needs to be locally driven
- Q and A session today designed to get your ideas
- Future individual meetings planned with local governments
- Consider including milestones in local planning





## **Thank You**

